



Reading Horizons Discovery®

and

Houghton-Mifflin/Harcourt
Story Town[©]

Grade 3



Correlated by Joan Parrish for Reading Horizons

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Reading Horizons Discovery® Correlation to Houghton-Mifflin/Harcourt Story Town

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Correlation

Introduction

The *Reading Horizons Discovery*® (*RHD*) program can be used as a supplemental phonics program to enhance a basal reading series or as a complete phonics program when one is not present in a reading series. The *RHD* program is explicit, sequential, and systematic in teaching consonant and vowel sounds, using a unique marking system for decoding and reading purposes. ***RHD* Grades 1-3** has six teacher manuals – **Chapters 1-6, Decoding Strategies for Grades 1-3**. The Grades 1-3 teacher manuals include lessons on the Alphabet (letters/sounds), Building Words, Nonsense Words, Blends, Special Vowel Combinations, Digraphs, Short and Long vowel sounds (5 Phonetic Skills/Vowel Patterns), Syllabication (Decoding Skills 1 and 2), *Y* as a Vowel, *R*-Controlled Vowels (Murmur Diphthongs), Common Diphthongs (Special Vowel Sounds), Prefixes/Suffixes, and many more skills, 15 Grammar/Reference Lessons, and 22 Most Common Word lists (300 words total). The **teacher manuals** for *RHD* Grades 1-3 (there are 6 Chapters/Manuals) will be referred as **Grades 1-3 Chpt**. The **lessons** will be, **Lsn**, and page numbers will be indicated, **p.**. Example: *RHD* Gr 1-3, Chpt 1, Lsn 1, pg 43-57.

Due to the unique marking system of proving words, it is recommended to teach the Alphabet lessons, Blends, Special Vowel Combinations, and Digraphs in *RHD* order along with the basal reading lessons. The **practice and enrichment pages** on the **Enrichment CD** work as a great reinforcement for practicing the skills being taught. The stories in the *Little Books* serve as an excellent source to use for reading with the *RHD* lessons due to the controlled and sequential vocabulary.

RHD contains a **Phonemic Awareness (PA) Section** to be used as a determinant factor of phonemic awareness skills in students. The phonemic awareness lessons are structured to be used as needed.

Houghton-Mifflin/ Harcourt STORY TOWN 1st Grade lessons are contained in the Teacher Edition. There are six Themes in the Teacher Edition, each Theme has six lessons (one lesson per week, with 5 days of specific skills). The Story Town skills will be labeled or coded as, Theme (Th), Lesson/week (Lsn/wk), example: Th 1, Lsn/wk 3 (please check the 5-Day Lesson Planner to see which day a skill is taught during the week). Alphabet Sound/Spelling Cards and Letter Cards are used in *Story Town* by the teacher for letter/sound recognition (Photo Cards are used for ELL purposes). *Leveled Readers (decodable books)* for independent reading or small groups are labeled as “Below-Level, On-Level, and Advanced”. The consonants and vowels are introduced and taught in Kindergarten, so there is not a formal review of the alphabet in 1st Grade as students begin to “build words” in each lesson. Most vowel sounds are taught as vowel phonograms (example: -at, -am, -op, -in, etc.), and Phonics and Spelling are taught together using Word Builder cards. If students have difficulty hearing the vowel sound, teachers are encouraged to use the Word Sort vowel families to help sound out and spell words. Paying close attention to the 5-Day Lesson Planner at the beginning of each Lesson/Week will let the teacher know when specific phonologic, phonic, spelling, and grammar skills will be taught.

Introduction

The following implementation guide shows the *RHD* sequence of phonics instruction, correlating the STORY TOWN phonics lessons to the *RHD* sequence. We recommend you follow the *RHD* sequence and use the marking system when teaching the phonic skills in STORY TOWN. When using the practice pages from STORY TOWN, be sure to encourage your students to use the *RHD* marking system when decoding words. Supplement with materials as instructed in each *RHD* Lesson Summary, the Enrichment CD, and *Little Books* to reinforce each skill. *RHD* Practice and Enrichment Pages, Skill and Chapter Assessments are found on the Reading Horizons webpage www.RHAccelerate.com/.

The format will be as follows:

Skill

Correlation to Story Town --

Reading Horizons Discovery® --

Implementation of two programs --

Following the correlation of the *Reading Horizons Discovery*® program and the Story Town program come two separate indexes. The first index gives a review of the Most Common Words, indicates the skill each word list follows, and in which lesson the words are reviewed.

The second index lists the stories found in the *Little Books* and which skills they follow.

Chapter 1

Gr 1-3, Lesson 1, Letter Group 1, pp. 43-57

Vowel A

Story Town -- *A* /a/short a: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach *A/a* as a vowel (short vowel sound) written practice of letter (upper and lowercase).

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant B

Story Town -- *B/b*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants *B/b*, *F/f*, *D/d*, and *G/g*, written practice of letter (upper and lowercase) and sound. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant D

Story Town -- *D/d*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants *B/b*, *F/f*, *D/d*, and *G/g*, written practice of letter (upper and lowercase) and sound. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant F

Story Town -- *F/f*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants *B/b*, *F/f*, *D/d*, and *G/g*, written practice of letter (upper and lowercase) and sound. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant G

Story Town -- *G/g*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants *B/b*, *F/f*, *D/d*, and *G/g*, written practice of letter (upper and lowercase) and sound. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

The Slide

Story Town -- Uses *Word Builder* cards to “slide” letter sounds together starting at the beginning of the word.

Implementation -- Fluency introduction to reading by sliding a consonant sound to a vowel: *ba*, *fa*, *da*, *ga*.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 2, Most Common Words List 1, pp. 59-66

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *a, and, in, is, it, of, that, the, to, you.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 3, Building Words, pp. 67-72

Story Town -- With each phonic/spelling skill, Word Builder cards are used to make words. Vowels and consonants are substituted and manipulated to create new words. If students struggle remembering a particular vowel sound, they are directed to vowel families/phonograms on the Word Sort chart.

Implementation -- Creating and decoding CVC words using letters a, b, f, d, g. Introduce marking system for decoding and reading purposes (identify vowel and print 'x' beneath letter).

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 4, Nonsense Words, pp. 73-77

Story Town -- Not a skill addressed in 3rd grade phonics.

Implementation -- Using letters to create nonsense words to identify if students understand blending sounds to words and say words based on letter/sound knowledge.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 5, Capitalization, pp. 79-84

Story Town -- Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 2, wk/lsn-7; Th 2, wk/lsn-8; Th 6, wk/lsn-29.

Implementation -- Discuss begin sentence with a capital letter and end with a period. Reinforce skills with practice pages.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 6, Letter Group 2, pp. 85-99

Vowel E

Story Town -- *E /e/* short e: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach consonants H/h, J/j, L/l, M/m letter sound and written form, and vowel E/e written form and letter sound (short sound). Use letters b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, to make Slides with vowels A/a and E/e. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant H

Story Town -- *H/h*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants H/h, J/j, L/l, M/m letter sound and written form, and vowel E/e written form and letter sound (short sound). Use letters b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, to make Slides with vowels A/a and E/e. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant J

Story Town -- *J/j*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants H/h, J/j, L/l, M/m letter sound and written form, and vowel E/e written form and letter sound (short sound). Use letters b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, to make Slides with vowels A/a and E/e. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant L

Story Town -- *L/l*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants H/h, J/j, L/l, M/m letter sound and written form, and vowel E/e written form and letter sound (short sound). Use letters b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, to make Slides with vowels A/a and E/e. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant M

Story Town -- *M/m*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach consonants H/h, J/j, L/l, M/m letter sound and written form, and vowel E/e written form and letter sound (short sound). Use letters b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, to make Slides with vowels A/a and E/e. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 7, Most Common Words List 2, pp. 101-106

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *are, as, for, he, his, I, on, they, was, with.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 8, Letter Group 3, pp. 107-121

Consonant N

Story Town -- *N/n*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach *N/n*, *P/p*, *R/r*, *S/s* letter sound and written form. Teach vowel *O/o* sound and written form. Use Letter Sets 1-3 with vowels *A/a*, *E/e*, *O/o* to make Slides. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Vowel O

Story Town -- *O/o*/ short o: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach *N/n*, *P/p*, *R/r*, *S/s* letter sound and written form. Teach vowel *O/o* sound and written form. Use Letter Sets 1-3 with vowels *A/a*, *E/e*, *O/o* to make Slides. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant P

Story Town -- *P/p*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach *N/n*, *P/p*, *R/r*, *S/s* letter sound and written form. Teach vowel *O/o* sound and written form. Use Letter Sets 1-3 with vowels *A/a*, *E/e*, *O/o* to make Slides. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant R

Story Town -- *R/r*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach *N/n*, *P/p*, *R/r*, *S/s* letter sound and written form. Teach vowel *O/o* sound and written form. Use Letter Sets 1-3 with vowels *A/a*, *E/e*, *O/o* to make Slides. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant S

Story Town -- *S/s*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach *N/n*, *P/p*, *R/r*, *S/s* letter sound and written form. Teach vowel *O/o* sound and written form. Use Letter Sets 1-3 with vowels *A/a*, *E/e*, *O/o* to make Slides. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 9, Most Common Words List 3, pp. 123-129

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *at, be, by, from, had, have, one, or, this, word.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 10, Letter Group 4, pp. 131-146**Consonant *T***

Story Town -- *T/t*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach letters *T/t, V/v, W/w, Y/y* sound and written form (initial position) and review letters *b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, n, p, r, s*, with vowels *A/a, E/e, O/o*, and *U/u* to make Slides. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Vowel *U*

Story Town -- *U/u*/ short u: Th 1, lsn/wk-2 (phonograms -un, -ump); Th 1, lsn/wk-5.

Implementation -- Teach letters *T/t, V/v, W/w, Y/y* sound and written form (initial position) and review letters *b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, n, p, r, s*, with vowels *A/a, E/e, O/o*, and *U/u* to make Slides. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant *V*

Story Town -- *V/v*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach letters *T/t, V/v, W/w, Y/y* sound and written form (initial position) and review letters *b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, n, p, r, s*, with vowels *A/a, E/e, O/o*, and *U/u* to make Slides. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant *W*

Story Town -- *W/w*: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach letters *T/t, V/v, W/w, Y/y* sound and written form (initial position) and review letters *b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, n, p, r, s*, with vowels *A/a, E/e, O/o*, and *U/u* to make Slides. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Correlation

Consonant X

Story Town -- X/x/ (final position): Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach letters T/t, V/v, W/w, Y/y sound and written form (initial position) and review letters b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, n, p, r, s, with vowels A/a, E/e, O/o, and U/u to make Slides.

Introduce X/x (sound /ks/) in final position with CVC words. Create real and nonsense CVC words, be sure to check students ability of blending sounds together to create words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant Y

Story Town -- Y/y/: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach letters T/t, V/v, W/w, Y/y sound and written form (initial position) and review letters b, f, d, g, h, j, l, m, n, p, r, s, with vowels A/a, E/e, O/o, and U/u to make Slides. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 11, Punctuation, pp. 147-149

Story Town -- Period: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-2; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Exclamation: Th 1, wk/lsn-2; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Question mark: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Direct and Indirect Quotations: Th 6, wk/lsn-29.

Implementation -- Teaches three types of punctuation: period, exclamation point, question mark. Reinforce skills with practice pages.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 12, Most Common Words List 4, pp. 151-156

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *all, but, can, not, said, we, were, what, when, your.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 13, Letter Group 5, pp. 157-169

Consonant C

Story Town -- C/c/ (initial position): Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach C/c letter sound /kuh/ and written form. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Vowel I

Story Town -- /i/ short i: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach vowel I/i (short sound) with Letter Sets 1-5 as Slides, real and nonsense CVC words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Vowels Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant K

Story Town -- K/k/ (initial position): Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach K/k letter sound /kuh/ and written form. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant Q

Story Town -- Q/q/: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach Q/q with u to give it a sound (u is not a working vowel). Practice writing letters together to make the /kw/ sound. Teach Z/z letter sound and written form in initial placement with vowels. Make Slides with vowels a, o, e, u, and i to make real and nonsense words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Consonant Z

Story Town -- Z/z/: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach Q/q with u to give it a sound (u is not a working vowel). Practice writing letters together to make the /kw/ sound. Teach Z/z letter sound and written form in initial placement with vowels. Make Slides with vowels a, o, e, u, and i to make real and nonsense words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 14, Spelling with C and K, pp. 171-178

Story Town -- Not taught as a particular skill in 3rd grade.

Reading Horizons Discovery® -- **Spelling with C and K**, Gr 1-3, Ch 1, Lsn 14, pp. 171-178.

Implementation -- Teach rule for using C/c with vowels a, o, u, and K/k with vowels i, e (consonants in initial position).

Make Slides with vowels, real and nonsense CVC words (use suggested dictation at the end of the lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 15, Most Common Words List 5, pp. 179-185

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *an, do, each, how, if, she, their, there, use, which.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 16, Alphabetical Order, pp. 187-189

Story Town -- Th 2, wk/lsn-6.

Implementation -- Check mastery of all upper and lowercase letters in the alphabet and review alphabetical order.

Chapter 2

Gr 1-3, Lesson 17, Most Common Words List 6, pp. 3-10

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *about, many, other, out, so, them, then, these, up, will.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 18, L-Blends, pp. 11-18

Story Town -- Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach six *L*-Blends, then with vowels as slides, and make real and nonsense words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 19, R-Blends, pp. 19-26

Story Town -- Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach seven *R*-Blends, then with vowels as slides, and make real and nonsense words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 20, S-Blends, pp. 27-37

Story Town -- Blends with S: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.
3-letter S-Blends: Th 2, wk/lsn-9; Th 2, wk/lsn-10.

Implementation -- Teach eight *S*-Blends, then with vowels as slides, and make real and nonsense words (use additional dictation provided in lesson). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Teach five three-letter *S*-Blends, then with vowels as slides (remember *squ*, the *u* is not a working vowel). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 21, Commas, pp. 39-44

Story Town -- Th 2, wk/lsn-6; Th 6, wk/lsn-29.

Implementation -- Teach the proper use of commas in sentences, in a series, dates, letters, addresses, and with quotation marks. Reinforce skills with practice pages.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 22, Extra Blends: DW and TW, pp. 45-50

Story Town -- DW and TW not taught as a blend.

Implementation -- Teach *tw* and *dw* as extra blends. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, Vowel Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 23, Double S, F, and Z Words, pp. 51-58

Story Town -- *ff* special spelling: not taught as a specific skill

zz special spelling: not taught as a specific skill

ss special spelling: not taught as a specific skill

Plurals with *-s*: Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Plurals with *-es*: Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5; Th 2, wk/lsn-9.

Implementation -- Teach spelling rule for single-syllable words ending in */s/*, */f/*, */z/*. Use words from the lesson and additional words in dictation. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Plurals: Explain the term “plural” and teach the spelling rule for plurals of adding *-s* or *-es* to the end of words. Reinforce skills with practice pages.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 24, Most Common Words List 7, pp. 59-65

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *has, her, him, into, like, look, make, some, time, would*.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 25, Special Vowel Combinations, pp. 67-76

Story Town -- -ll: Not a skill taught in 3rd grade.

-ng: Th 5, wk/l sn-22.

-nk: Th 5, wk/l sn-22.

Implementation -- Teach Special Vowel Combination words ending in *-ll*, *-ng*, *-nk*. Some of the vowels change in sound when followed by *-ll*, *-ng*, *-nk*. Teach special marking for decoding. Use words from the lesson and additional words in dictation. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Special Vowel Combinations Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 26, Compound Words, pp. 77-78

Story Town -- Th 2, wk/l sn-6; Th 2, wk/l sn-10.

Implementation -- Teach: compound words are smaller words joined together to make a bigger word and gives new meaning to the word. Reinforce skills with practice pages.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 27, Voiced and Voiceless and the TH Digraphs, pp. 79-87

Story Town -- Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach terms *voiced* and *voiceless* sound pronunciation regarding English language.

Digraph *TH*: teach digraphs are two consonants together producing one consonant sound; teach voiced and voiceless sound for *th*. Teach special marking for decoding. Use words from the lesson and additional words in dictation. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 28, Digraphs CH, SH, WH, PH, pp. 89-102

Story Town -- /ch/ spelled ch initial position: Th 2, wk/l sn-7; Th 2, wk/l sn-10.

/ch/ spelled tch final position: Th 2, wk/l sn-7; Th 2, wk/l sn-10.

/sh/ spelled sh initial and final position: Th 2, wk/l sn-7; Th 2, wk/l sn-10.

/hw/ spelled wh: Th 2, wk/l sn-7; Th 2, wk/l sn-10.

/f/ spelled ph: Th 3, wk/l sn-12; Th 3, wk/l sn-15.

Implementation -- Introduce and teach the 1st five digraphs included in the 42 sounds (reviewing voiced and voiceless /th/). Teach spelling skill for *ch* and *-tch*. (Note that *ch* changes when used in words of foreign origin.) Teach special marking for decoding. Use words from the lesson and additional words in dictation. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 29, Most Common Words List 8, pp. 103-109

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *could, go, more, no, number, people, see, two, way, write.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 30, Contractions, pp. 111-116

Story Town -- Contractions with 's: Th 6, wk/lsn-28.

Other contractions: Th 6, wk/lsn-28.

Implementation -- Teach contractions. The students will learn and understand that when two words are combined some letters are omitted, and replace by an apostrophe ('). Reinforce skills with practice pages

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Chapter 3

Gr 1-3, Lesson 31, Short Vowels and Long Vowels, pp. 5-13

Story Town -- Not taught or identified with diacritical markings.

Implementation -- Teach all vowels have more than one sound. Vowels are marked with diacritical markings to show the sound of the vowel in a word. Teach diacritical markings for short and long vowels (short/breve $\acute{\text{~}}$ and long/macron $\bar{\text{~}}$).

Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Vowels Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 32, Phonetic Skill 1, pp. 13-19

Story Town -- Spelling CVC-Teaching the principle, the vowel says short /a/, /i/, /o/, /e/, or /u/, when followed by a consonant: vowel-consonant pattern (refer to vowel phonograms).

/a/: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

/i/: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

/o/: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

/e/: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

/u/: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach the phonetic spelling and decoding skill where the vowel sound is short because it is followed by a consonant (CVC, CCVC, and VC) in a single-syllable word. Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*[®] Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 33, Phonetic Skill 2, pp. 21-29

Story Town -- Spelling CCVCC, CVCC-Teaching the principle: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5; Th 5, wk/lsn-22 (soft, lost).

Implementation -- Teach phonetic spelling and decoding skill where the vowel sound is short because it is followed by two consonants (CVCC, CCVCC and VCC) in a word. Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*[®] Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 34, Nouns, pp. 31-42

Story Town -- Nouns (names for person, place or thing): Th 2, wk/lsn-7; Th 2, wk/lsns-10 and 11; Th 3, w/lsns-13 and 14.

Plurals with -s: Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5; Th 2, wk/lsn-10.

Plurals with -es: Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Correlation

Implementation -- Teach and identify common nouns, singular and plural possessives in sentences.
Teach pronouns, possessives pronouns, and indefinite pronouns.
Teach collective nouns, irregular plural nouns, and reflexive pronouns.
Identify concrete and abstract nouns in sentences.
Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 36, Most Common Words List 9, pp. 49-56

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *been, call, find, first, my, now, oil, than, water, who.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 35, Spelling with -CK, pp. 43-48

Story Town -- Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach single-syllable words ending with the /k/ sound preceded by a short vowel sound, the spelling of the /k/ is the digraph *-ck*. When *-ck* follows a short vowel is in one digraph sound /k/. Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to ‘prove’ words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 37, Adding Suffixes to Phonetic Skills 1 and 2, pp. 57-68

Story Town -- Verb endings -s, -ed, -ing: Th 1, wk/lsn-2; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.
Base words ending with -s, -ed, -ing: Th 1, wk/lsn-2; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.
Base words ending with -er, -est: Th 4, wk/lsn-17; Th 4, wk/lsn-18; Th 4, wk/lsn-20.

Implementation -- Teach that a suffix is one or more letters added to the end of a word that changes the meaning of the word. Teach the spelling skill for adding suffixes to words ending in one or two consonants and Special Vowel Combination words. When marking a word with a suffix, ‘prove’ the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 38, The Three Sounds of -ED, pp. 69-75

Story Town -- Taught in 1st and 2nd grades, not reviewed in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Introduce and teach the three sounds for the suffix *-ed* (/ed/, /d/, /t/). Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 39, Verbs, pp. 77-87

Story Town -- Verbs (action words): Th 4, wk/lsn-19; Th 4, wk/lsn-20; Th 5, wk/lsn-23 (tense); Th 5, wk/lsn-25.

Verb agreement: Th 2, wk/lsn-9; Th 4, wk/lsn-19; Th 4, wk/lsn-20; Th 5, wk/lsn-23; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.

Irregular Verbs: Th 6, wk/lsn-26.

Verb endings –s, -ed, -ing: Th 1, wk/lsn-2; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach verbs are words that ‘show’ action.

Teach helping verbs in sentences.

Teach subject – verb agreement.

Teach future, present, and past tense use of verbs in sentences.

Teach irregular past tense verbs.

Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 40, Vowel Families O and I, pp. 89-95

Story Town -- -ind, -ild: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach when two consonants follow the vowels *o* or *i*, sometimes the vowel sound will be long – Vowel Families.

- Teach long vowel *o* families in single syllable words (-old, -olt, -oll, -ost).
- Teach long vowel *i* families in single syllable words (-ind, -ild).

Discuss vowel families *o* and *i* that **do** follow Phonetic Skill 2. Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to ‘prove’ words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 41, Most Common Words List 10, pp. 97-103

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *come, day, did, down, friend, get, long, made, over, part.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 42, Phonetic Skill 3, pp. 105-109

Story Town -- Taught as CV

Long 'e': Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'o': Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'u': Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach using diacritical marking - when the vowel stands alone in a word (VC), the vowel sound is long. *Exception words: *to, do*. Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 43, Phonetic Skill 4, pp. 111-117

Story Town -- Taught as CVCe or vowel-consonant-e: Long 'a' a_e: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'e' e_e: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'o' o_e: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'u' u_e: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'i' i_e: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach students to prove and read single-syllable words ending with *e*; the *e* is silent making the first vowel long (CVCe, VCe). Demonstrate skill by going from CVC to CVCe word (cap – cape, fin – fine). Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 44, Adjectives, pp. 119-123

Story Town -- Th 4, wk/lsn-16 and 17.

Implementation -- Teach an adjective is a word that describes a noun.

- Teach adjectives and linking verbs.
- Teach comparative and superlative adjectives.
- Teach irregular forms of adjectives.

Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 45, Spelling with -KE, pp. 125-130

Story Town -- No formal lesson. Long vowel sound is introduced as a vowel-consonant-e pattern or phonogram.

Implementation -- Teach the spelling skill: single-syllable words ending in *-ke* are long vowel, silent *e* words (e.g., *hike, bake*). Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 46, Most Common Words List 11, pp. 131-137

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *know, little, live, new, only, place, sound, take, work, year.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 47, Another Sound for C and G, pp. 139-148

Story Town -- Soft C and G: Th 3, wk/lsn-13; Th 3, wk/lsn-15.

-dge: Th 3, wk/lsn-13; Th 3, wk/lsn-15.

-ange: not taught in program.

-aste: not taught in program.

Implementation -- Teach when *c* is followed by an *e* or *i* the sound is /s/ (Rainbow *S*: *ce, ci*). Teach when *g* is followed by an *e* or *i* the sound is /j/ (Rainbow *J*: *ge, gi*). Teach words ending in *-ge* spelling, the vowel sound will be long; words ending in *-dge* spelling, the vowel sound will be short.

Teach words ending in *-nge* spelling, the vowel sound will be short, however, *-ange* is exception to silent *e* rule where the vowel *a* will remain the same as /ang/ in a word.

Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to ‘prove’ words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 48, Adding Suffixes to Phonetic Skills 3 and 4, pp. 149-157

Story Town -- Base words ending with *-ed, -ing*: Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach students spelling skills for adding suffixes *-ing, -er, -ed, -est* to Phonetic Skill 3 words (e.g., *be/being, go/going*) and Phonetic Skill 4, Silent *E* words (e.g., *vote/voting, voted*), and Rainbows *S* (*ce/ci*) and Rainbow *J* (*ge/gi*). When marking a word with a suffix, ‘prove’ the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 49, Adverbs, pp. 159-162

Story Town -- Th 6, lsn/wk-27.

Implementation -- Teach an adverb describes a verb.

- Adverbs can also describe where, when, or how often.
- Teach comparative and superlative adverbs.
- Teach irregular adverbs.

Correlation

Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 50, Phonetic Skill 5, Adjacent Vowels, pp. 163-173

Story Town -- Taught as Long Vowels:

Long 'a' spelled ay: Th 1, wk/lsn-3; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Long 'a' spelled ai: Th 1, wk/lsn-3; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Long 'e' spelled ee/ea: Th 1, wk/lsn-3; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Long 'o' spelled oa: Th 1, wk/lsn-3; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5; Th 4, wk/lsn-16 (oar); Th 4, wk/lsn-20

/oo/ as in blue/glue spelled ue: Th 5, wk/lsn-21; Th 5, wk/lsn-25

/oo/ as in suit/bruise spelled ui: Th 5, wk/lsn-21; Th 5, wk/lsn-25

Long 'i' spelled ie and igh: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Base words ending with -ed, -ing: Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Teach students Phonetic Skill 5, Adjacent Vowels, using diacritical markings. When two vowels are adjacent (together) in a word, the second vowel is silent making the first vowel long (CVVC).

Teach the patterns to memorizing the nine Adjacent Vowels within words Use marking system to 'prove' words.

Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 51, Most Common Words List 12, pp. 175-181

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *after, back, give, good, just, man, me, most, name, our, say, sentence, thing, think, very.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 52, Spelling with -K, pp. 183-189

Story Town -- Not taught as a formal decoding/spelling skill. Only taught as a 'phonogram' in specific vowel lessons.

Implementation -- Teach words ending in the /k/ sound that are preceded by an adjacent vowel will end in the -k spelling. Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 53, Digraph Blends, pp. 191-198

Story Town -- Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Introduce and teach the spelling skills and unique sounds for Digraph Blends (*chr, chl, sch, shr, thr, phl, phr*). Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Blends Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding Reading Horizons Discovery® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 54, Sentence Structure, pp. 199-206

Story Town -- What Is a Sentence?: Th 1, wk/lsn-1; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5; Th 2, wk/lsn-6; Th 2, wk/lsn-10.
Subject: Th 1, wk/lsn-3; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5; Th 2, wk/lsn-6; Th 2, wk/lsn-10.
Predicate: Th 1, wk/lsn-3; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5; Th 2, wk/lsn-6; Th 2, wk/lsn-10.

Implementation -- Teach a complete sentence has two parts: a naming part (subject) and telling part (predicate).

- Teach simple and compound sentences.
- Teach complex sentences
- Teach sentence endings (punctuation): declarative sentence, interrogative sentence, exclamatory sentence, and imperative sentence.

Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 55, Adding Suffixes to Phonetic Skill 5, pp. 207-216

Story Town -- Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach the spelling skill of adding the suffix *-ing* to words with Adjacent Vowels. When marking a word with a suffix, 'prove' the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding Reading Horizons Discovery® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 56, Most Common Words List 13, pp. 217-223

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *any, before, boy, great, help, line, mean, much, old, right, same, tell, through, too, where.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 57, Sounds of -GH, -IGH, -IGHT, pp. 225-232

Story Town -- /f/ spelled gh: Th 5, wk/lstn-22; Th 5, wk/lstn-25 (-augh, -ough).
/g/ spelled gh: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.
igh: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach three jobs for -GH:

- GH at the beginning of a word the sound is /g/ as in *ghost*.
- GH at the end of a word sometimes has the sound /f/ as in *cough, rough*; sometimes gh is silent as in *though*.
- -IGH, -GHT: When the vowel *i* comes before *gh*, the vowel *i* is long and *gh* is silent, as in *sigh* or *sight*.

Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding this particular sound. Use these markings to ‘prove’ the words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 58, Most Common Words List 14, pp. 233-239

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *also, another, around, came, does, end, following, form, put, set, show, small, three, want, well*.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Chapter 4

Gr 1-3, Lesson 59, Many Jobs of Y, pp. 5-15

Story Town -- Long 'a' spelled ay: Th 1, wk/lstn-3; Th 1, wk/lstn-4; Th 1, wk/lstn-5.
Y Can Be Short Vowel 'i': Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.
Y says long 'i' as in fly/by: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.
Y with Silent E: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.
Long 'e' spelled -ey: not taught in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach y at the beginning of a word is a consonant.

Teach when y is anywhere else in a word, it is a vowel. In single-syllable words, when y is the working vowel it will 'take' the vowel *i* (short and long *i*) follow Phonetic Skills 1-4.

When y acts as an adjacent vowel (e.g., -ay/gray, -ey/key) it is silent. ***Exceptions: they, grey, whey, and prey.*

When y is next to a *c* or *g*, it becomes the Rainbow *S* and Rainbow *J* (e.g., *cyst, gym*).

Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 60, Most Common Words List 15, pp. 17-23

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *ask, because, big, even, here, land, large, men, must, need, read, such, turn, went, why.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 61, Decoding Skill 1, pp. 25-34

Story Town -- Decoding Skill 1: Th 3, wk/lstn-14; Th 3, wk/lstn-15. Teaching to syllabicate/decode words with a marking system is not taught as specific decoding skill. It is taught as V/CV Syllable Pattern.

(Do not teach this skill the same time as Exceptions to Decoding Skills.)

Implementation -- Teach the first skill for dividing words into syllables. If one consonant follows the vowel, the consonant goes on to the next vowel. Remember to have students decode vowel sound, using five Phonetic Skills, one syllable at a time and "box" each syllable. Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 62, The Schwa, pp. 35-41

Story Town -- Th 5, wk/lsn-24; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.

Implementation -- Teach the importance of the schwa sound. The schwa says /u/ and is represented in the dictionary as an upside-down *e* (ə). The vowel *a* at the beginning or ending of a multi-syllabic word usually has the schwa sound (e.g., *ago*, *sofa*). The schwa can take any vowel sound.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 63, Determiners, pp. 43-46

Story Town -- Indefinite and Definite Articles: Th 4, wk/lsn-18; Th 4, wk/lsn-20.

Implementation -- Teach a determiner comes before a noun.

Teach two kinds of determiners: demonstrative (*this*, *that*, *these*, *those*); articles (*the*, *a*, *an*).

Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 64, Last Job of Y, pp. 47-54

Story Town -- The Last Rule for Y, Y says long 'e': Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach last rule for y (long *e* vowel sound): when there is more than one working vowel in a word and y is at the end of the word, y will say the long *e* sound.

Teach exception: when the word is a verb and ends with *-ny*, *-fy*, *-ly*, the y is long *i* vowel sound.

Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 65, Most Common Words List 16, pp. 55-60

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *again*, *air*, *away*, *change*, *different*, *hand*, *home*, *kind*, *move*, *off*, *picture*, *play*, *spell*, *try*.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 66, Decoding Skill 2, pp. 61-71

Story Town -- Th 2, wk/lsn-9. In 3rd grade, syllabication is used in challenge words in the spelling lessons Teaching to syllabicate/decode words with a marking system is not taught as specific decoding skill. It is taught as VC/CV Syllable Pattern.

Implementation -- Teach the second skill for dividing words into syllables. If two consonants follow the vowel, the consonants split and one stays with the 1st vowel and the consonant goes on to the next vowel. Remember to have students decode vowel sound one syllable at a time, and “box” each syllable. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 67, Conjunctions, pp. 73-76

Story Town -- Helping Verbs: Th 5, lsn/wk-22.

Implementation -- Teach conjunctions are used to bring words and sentences together.

- Teach coordinating conjunctions (*for, and, not, but, or, yet, so*).
- Teach correlative conjunctions (*neither/nor, either/or, both/and, not only/but also*).
- Teach subordinating conjunctions (*because, since, when, while, after*) with dependant and independent clauses.

Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 68, Double Consonants, pp. 77-84

Story Town -- Not taught to be recognized as a regular spelling skill, only taught as a syllabication/reading skill.

Implementation -- Teach when double consonants occur in a multi-syllabic word, the first of the double consonants is usually not pronounced.

Teach Double Cs: when the vowels *a, o, or u* follows double *c*, only one sound for *c* is heard /k/ (e.g., *accord, account*); when vowels *i or e* follow double *c*, two sounds for *c* are heard /k/ and /s/ (e.g., *accent, access*).

Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 69, -LE at the End of a Word, pp. 85-93

Story Town --Th 3, wk/lsn-11; Th 3, wk/lsn-15.

Implementation -- Teach words ending in *-le* have an understood vowel sound, thus making it a syllable. Students will learn how to decode and pronounce words ending with *-le* spelling.

Specific markings are introduced to aid students in decoding the vowel sound in a word. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 70, Most Common Words List 17, pp. 95-100

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *America, animal, answer, found, high, house, learn, letter, mother, page, point, should, still, study, world.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 71, Adding Suffixes to Words Ending in Y, pp. 101-109

Story Town -- -ied added to base words: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

-ies added to base words: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach students to properly add suffixes and plurals to words ending in *y*. When a word ends in an adjacent vowel with *y*, just add *s* (e.g., *days, keys*). When *y* follows a consonant, *y* changes to *i* then add *-es, -er, -ed, or -est* (e.g., *tidy/tidies, tidier, tidied, tidiest*). When adding the suffix *-ing*, the final *y* must remain (e.g., *satisfy/satisfying*). When marking a word with a suffix, 'prove' the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 72, Antonyms, Synonyms, and More, pp. 111-116

Story Town -- Synonyms: Th 2, wk/lsn-7.

Antonyms: Th 2, wk/lsn-7.

Homographs (multiple-meaning words): Th 5, wk/lsn-29.

Homophones: Th 5, wk/lsn-24.

Heteronyms: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Palindromes: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach the meanings of the terms: Synonyms, Homonyms, Homophones, Heteronyms, and Palindromes. Teach how they are used in sentences for grammar purposes.

Use practice pages correlating with the lesson.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 73, Decoding Two-Syllable Words, pp. 117-125

Story Town -- Two-Syllable Words (VC/CV Pattern): Th 2, wk/lsn-9. In 3rd grade, syllabication is used in challenge words in the spelling lessons.

Implementation -- Practice decoding two-syllable words with Decoding Skills 1 and 2 using the markings learned in the five Phonetic Skills, words ending in *-le*, and the schwa to decode each syllable.

Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 74, Spelling with -C, pp. 127-132

Story Town -- Not taught to be recognized as a regular spelling skill, only taught as a phonics/reading skill.

Implementation -- Teach the /k/ sound at the end of a word with more than one syllable is spelled with a *c*. Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 75, Most Common Words List 18, pp. 133-138

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *add, below, between, city, country, earth, every, eye, father, food, keep, last, light, near, never, own, plant, school, start, tree.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Chapter 5

Gr 1-3, Lesson 76, Murmur Diphthong AR, pp. 5-15

Story Town -- /ar/ spelled ar: Th 4, wk/l sn-4 (review only).

Adding endings to /ar/ words: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach *ar* /ar/ Murmur Diphthong. Students will recognize and read words containing the *ar* Murmur Diphthong (*r*-controlled vowel). Students will learn spelling rule for adding suffixes *-ing*, *-ed*, *-er*, *-est*, to words ending in *ar*. When marking a word with a suffix, ‘prove’ the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix.

Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 77, Murmur Diphthong OR, pp. 17-25

Story Town -- /or/ spelled or and ore: Th 4, wk/l sn-16; Th 4, wk/l sn-20.

Adding endings to /or/ words: Th 4, wk/l sn-16.

Implementation -- Teach *or* /or/ Murmur Diphthong. Students will recognize and read words containing the *or* Murmur Diphthong (*R*-controlled vowel). Students will learn spelling rule for adding suffixes *-ing*, *-ed*, *-er*, *-est*, to words ending in *or*. When marking a word with a suffix, ‘prove’ the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix.

Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 78, Murmur Diphthongs ER, UR, and IR, pp. 27-24

Story Town -- /er/ spelled er, ir, and ur: Th 4, wk/l sn-17; Th 4, wk/l sn-20.

Adding endings to /er/ words: Th 4, wk/l sn-17.

Implementation -- Teach Murmur Diphthongs /er/ sound, spelled *er*, *ur*, *ir*. Students will recognize and read words containing the *er*, *ur*, *ir* Murmur Diphthongs (*r*-controlled vowels). Students will learn spelling rule for adding suffixes *-ing*, *-ed*, *-er*, *-est*, to words ending in *er*, *ur*, *ir*. When marking a word with a suffix, ‘prove’ the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix.

Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 79, Root Words, Prefixes, and Suffixes, pp. 37-40

Story Town -- Prefixes:

un-: Th 4, wk/lsn-19; Th 4, wk/lsn-20.
re-: Th 4, wk/lsn-19; Th 4, wk/lsn-20.
dis-: Th 4, wk/lsn-19; Th 4, wk/lsn-20.
pre-: Th 5, wk/lsn-23; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.
mis-: Th 5, wk/lsn-23; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.
in-: Th 5, wk/lsn-23; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.
bi-: Th 6, wk/lsn-29.
non-: Th 6, wk/lsn-29.
over-: Th 6, wk/lsn-29.

Suffixes:

-ful: Th 4, wk/lsn-18; Th 4, wk/lsn-20.
-ly: Th 4, wk/lsn-18; Th 4, wk/lsn-20.
-able: Th 6, wk/lsn-28.
-ible: Th 6, wk/lsn-28.
-less: Th 6, wk/lsn-28.

Implementation -- Teach the *root word* is the basic part of the word. A *prefix* is one or more letters added to the beginning of a root word that changes the meaning of a word. A *suffix* is one or more letters added to the end of a root word adding more information to the root word.

***This lesson has specific skills related to grades 1-3.*

Gr 1-3, Lesson 80, Exceptions to Murmur Diphthongs, pp. 41-52

Story Town -- Exceptions to Murmur Diphthongs: Th 4, wk/lsn-16 (-oar, -ore); Th 4, wk/lsn-20.

Crazy W: Th 4, wk/lsn-16 (warn, warm); Th 4, wk/lsn-17 (word, work); Th 4, wk/lsn-20.

Implementation -- Students will learn when a Murmur Diphthong is followed by a silent *e*, the first vowel will be long (silent *e* rules!). Students will learn when a Murmur Diphthong and adjacent vowel are together, the adjacent vowel sound rules.

Students will learn with a consonant comes between the Murmur Diphthong and final *e*, the Murmur Diphthong sound rules.

Students will learn sound and spelling for words with: /wah/ *wa*; /wor/ *war*; /wer/ *wor*. When marking a word with a suffix, 'prove' the base word first, then write the word again adding the suffix, do not mark the word just underline the suffix.

Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 81, Most Common Words List 19, pp. 53-59

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *along, beginning, close, don't, example, few, hard, head, left, life, might, next, open, saw, seem, something, story, thought, under, while*.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 82, Decoding Multi-Syllabic Words, pp. 61-68

Story Town -- Th 2, wk/lsn-9. In 3rd grade, syllabication is used in challenge words in the spelling lessons.

Implementation -- Using both Decoding Skills 1 and 2, the students will decode any length word. Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 83, More Digraphs, pp. 69-79

Story Town -- /k/ spelled ck: Not reviewed as a skill in 3rd grade.

/n/ spelled kn: Th 3, wk/lsn-12; Th 3, wk/lsn-15.

/r/ spelled wr: Th 3, wk/lsn-12; Th 3, wk/lsn-15.

/n/ spelled gn: Th 3, wk/lsn-12; Th 3, wk/lsn-15.

/f/ spelled ph: Th 3, wk/lsn-12; Th 3, wk/lsn-15.

Implementation -- Introduce and teach the remaining digraphs *gn, kn, wr*, and review digraphs *ph* and *ck*. Students will learn to recognize the digraphs as new spellings for previously learned sounds (*ph=f, gn=n, kn=n, wr=r, ck=k*). Teach *gn* at the end of words (*-ign*).

Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 84, Digraphs with Plural Endings and Multi-Syllabic Words with Digraphs, pp. 81-89

Story Town -- Plurals with -s: Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Plurals with -es: Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Implementation -- Review term, plural. Teach spelling skill of how to add plurals (-s, -es) to words ending in digraphs. Underline the plural spelling (-s, -es).

Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 85, Most Common Words List 20, pp. 91-96

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *always, both, car, children, feet, got, group, important, mile, night, often, paper, run, sea, side, those, together, until, walk, white.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 86, Special Vowel Sounds AU/AW, pp. 97-107

Story Town -- /aw/ spelled au and aw: Th 5, wk/lsn-22; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.

Implementation -- Teach *au/aw* – Introduce and teach the special sound of *au/aw*. Teach the spelling skill of: *au* not at the end of a word. Introduce the special marking system for Special Vowel Sounds to aid in decoding of words. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 87, Special Vowel Sounds OU/OW, pp. 109-120

Story Town -- Long vowel sound ‘o’ spelled ow: Th 1, wk/lsn-3; Th 1, wk/lsn-4; Th 1, wk/lsn-5.

Diphthong /ou/ as in house, spelled ou: Th 2, wk/lsn-8.

Diphthong /ou/ as in brown, spelled ow: Th 2, wk/lsn-8.

Implementation -- Teach *ou/ow* – Introduce and teach the special sounds of *ou/ow*. Teach the spelling skill of: *ou* not at the end of a word (except *you, thou*). Provide information that *ou* has other sounds (/oo/ *could*; /ū/ *touch*; /ō/ *soul*; /oo/ *youth*; /aw/ *cough*).

Teach students to recognize and use the two sounds of *ow* (/ow/ *cow*; /ō/ *show*).

Introduce the special marking system for Special Vowel Sounds to aid in decoding of words. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 88, Special Vowel Sounds OI/OY, pp. 121-130

Story Town -- Diphthong /oi/ spelled oi and oy: Th 2, wk/lsn-8; Th 2, wk/lsn-10.

Implementation -- Introduce and teach the special sounds of *oi/oy*. Teach the spelling skill of: *oi* not at the end of a word. Introduce the special marking system for Special Vowel Sounds to aid in decoding of words. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 89, Special Vowel Sounds OO and OO , pp. 131-140

Story Town -- /oo/ as in zoo/pool spelled oo: Th 5, wk/lsn-21; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.
/oo/ as in book/look spelled oo: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Introduce and teach students the two sounds for oo. /oo/ as in *look* and *good*. /oo/ as in *zoo* and *fool*. Introduce the special marking system for Special Vowel Sounds to aid in decoding of words. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 90, Spelling with -KE, -CK, -K, and -C, pp. 141-151

Story Town -- Not taught to be recognized as a regular spelling skill, only taught as a phonics/reading skill or as endings to phonograms (e.g., -ock, -ink, -ake, etc).

Implementation -- The /k/ sound has various spellings depending on the vowel sound and where it falls in a syllable in a word.

Teach the spelling rules associated with /k/ as an ending sound (-ke, -ck, -k, -c).

- Long vowel silent e words ending, use -ke spelling.
- Short vowel and no other consonant is heard next to the /k/, use -ck spelling.
- Adjacent Vowel words, Murmur Diphthong words, Special Vowel Combination words, and words that have an *l* or *n* preceding the *k*, use -k spelling.
- When the /k/ is heard in the middle of a multi-syllabic word or at the end of a multi-syllabic word, usually the -c spelling is used (*deduct*, *picnic*).

Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 91, Decoding Exceptions, pp. 153-161

Story Town -- Th 3, wk/lsn-14; Th 3, wk/lsn-15. Teaching to syllabicate/decode words with a marking system is not taught as specific decoding skill. It is taught as VC/C Syllable Pattern. (Do not teach with Decoding Skill 1.)

Implementation -- Teach the students the exception to the decoding skill when multi-syllabic words do not follow the Two Decoding Skills. For correct pronunciation of the word, a vowel change needs to take place. Long vowels can be marked as “short” but never the reverse. Follow the decoding skills for syllabication and introduce the new markings for the vowels in those syllables. Use marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 92, Most Common Words List 21, pp. 163-168

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *began, book, carry, eat, enough, face, four, grow, hear, idea, later, miss, once, river, second, state, stop, took, watch, without.*

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 93, Other Suffixes: -TION, -SION, and -OUS, pp. 169-181

Story Town -- -tion: Th 6, wk/lsn-26.

-sion: Th 6, wk/lsn-26.

-ous: Th 6, wk/lsn-28.

-ist/-est: Th 4, wk/lsn-18; Th 4, wk/lsn-20 (-est only).

-us/-ous: Th 6, wk/lsn-28 (-ous).

Implementation -- Students will learn and identify the tion/sion/ous /shun/, /zhun/, and /us/ syllable (or suffix) in words. Teach the spelling, pronunciation, and decoding strategies/markings system for decoding multi-syllable words containing *-tion, -sion, and -ous*.

-*TION* makes the /shun/ sound, it is its own syllable in a word.

-*SION* has two sounds: *-sion* makes the /shun/ sound when preceded by the consonants *s, n, or l* (e.g., *mission, expansion, compulsion*). *-SION* makes the /zhun/ sound when preceded by a vowel or Murmur Diphthong (e.g., *lesion, aversion*).

-*TIAL* has the /shul/ sound.

-*US* and *-OUS* both have the sound /us/: words ending in *-ous* are adjectives and words ending in *-us* are nouns.

-*IST* and *-EST*: words ending in *-ist* are nouns, words ending in *-est* are usually adjectives.

Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 94, Letter Combinations that Split, pp. 183-194

Story Town -- In 3rd grade, syllabication is used in challenge words in the spelling lessons.

Implementation -- Teach that some letter combinations will split in multi-syllabic words. Some blends will split for decoding purposes in multi-syllable words (e.g., *sc/escape, sk/basket, sp/dispose, st/mister*).

The Digraph *gn* will split if it comes in the middle of a word (e.g., *signet*).

Some Special Vowel Combinations may split in a multi-syllable word. The *-ng* and *-nk* usually keeps its vowel sound (e.g., *an-ger, sin-gle*); vowels in the *-ll* usually become short (e.g., *gall, gal-lows*).

Use marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Use Blends Poster, 42 Sounds Poster, Five Phonetic Skills Poster, Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Chapter 6

Gr 1-3, Lesson 95, Other Sounds for EA and IE/EI, pp. 3-15

Story Town -- Sounds for EA: Long 'e' spelled ea: Th 1, wk/lsn-3.

Long 'e' spelled ea: Short /e/ spelled ea: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'a' spelled ea: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

E and A together in a word, yet vowels are individual sounds in syllables: Th 6, wk/lsn-27.

Sounds for IE/EI: Long 'e' spelled ie: I and E together in a word, yet vowels are individual sounds in syllables: Th 6, wk/lsn-27.

Long 'i' spelled ie: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'e' spelled ie: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'e' spelled cei: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Long 'a' spelled ei or eigh: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach there are four sounds for the *ea* adjacent vowel:

- Long ē (e.g., *meat*).
- Short ě (e.g., *bread*).
- Long ā (e.g., *great, steak, break, yea*).
- Both sounds *e* and *a* are heard, place a dot under each vowel (e.g., *create, idea*).

Teach there are five sounds for the *ie* adjacent vowel:

- Long ī (e.g., *tie*).
- *I* is silent and *e* is long ē (e.g., *chief*).
- *E* comes before *I* except after *c*, long ē (e.g., *receive*).
- *Ei* says long ā (*vein, weigh*).
- Both sounds *i* and *e* are heard, place a dot under each vowel (e.g., *diet, quiet*).

Use the special marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 96, Reversed Vowels, pp. 17-28

Story Town -- Th 6, wk/lsn-27.

Implementation -- Teach certain vowel combinations can reverse in spelling in multi-syllable words and each vowel will retain a new sound in the syllable:

- *ai/ia* (e.g., *piano*)
- *oe/eo* (e.g., *neon*)
- *oa/ao* (e.g., *aorta*)
- *ui/iu* (e.g., *medium*)
- *au/ua* (e.g., *truant*)
- *oi/io* (e.g., *patio*)

Use the special marking system to 'prove' syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Correlation

Gr 1-3, Lesson 97, Sounds of EU and EW, pp. 29-36

Story Town -- /oo/ as in new/chew spelled ew: Th 5, wk/lsn-21; Th 5, wk/lsn-25.
/oo/ as in neutron/Zeus spelled eu: Not taught as a skill in 3rd grade.

Implementation -- Teach the sounds and spellings of *eu* and *ew*. Both spellings have the same sounds of long ū (*feud*, *few*) and /oo/ (*neutron*, *new*). The *eu* spelling is not used at the end of a word.

Although this vowel is not a Special Vowel Sound, it is marked as one. Use the marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 98, Most Common Words List 22, pp. 37-43

Story Town -- Vocabulary Words /Word Wall: specific high frequency words are introduced prior to the reading selection. They are practiced, the placed on the Word Wall. Teachers are to note any phonemic element (in the word) that was taught during the week.

Implementation -- Teaches words: *above*, *afternoon*, *almost*, *begin*, *color*, *cut*, *family*, *far*, *girl*, *leave*, *let*, *list*, *mountain*, *music*.

Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 99, Practicing Multi-Syllabic Words, pp. 45-54

Story Town -- Teaching to syllabicate/decode words with a marking system is not taught as specific decoding skill. It is taught as VCCV pattern in Longer Words.

Implementation -- Using the knowledge of marking and decoding multi-syllabic words, the students will practice the skills with the 42 Sounds to decode any length word:

- Decoding Exceptions
- Other Suffixes: *-TION*, *-SION*, *-OUS*
- Letter Combinations That Split
- Other Sounds for *EA* and *IE/EI*
- Reversed Vowels
- Sounds of *EU* and *EW*

Use the marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Gr 1-3, Lesson 100, Spelling with -SS, -CE, or -SE, pp. 55-61

Story Town -- Lessons to determine whether words end in SS, SE, or CE are not taught in program. Only the particular spelling for the phonic sound.

Implementation -- Teach students to know the particular spelling clues for single syllable words ending with the sound of /s/ using -ss, -se, or -ce:

- one-syllable, short vowel words with no vowel preceding the /s/ sound, spelled -ss.
- one-syllable, long vowel words ending in /s/ sound, spelled -ce (exceptions: *base, case, chase, vase*).
- Most one-syllable, short vowel words with a consonant preceding the /s/ sound, spelled -ce.
- Some one-syllable words containing adjacent vowels, Murmur Diphthongs, and Special Vowel Sounds ending in /s/ sound, spelled -se. However, there are a few words that end in the -ce spelling.
- Most words ending with the -se spelling have the /z/ sound.

Use the marking system to ‘prove’ syllables/words. Use word bank at the end of the lesson for dictation practice. Reinforce skills with practice pages and differentiation activities.

Read corresponding *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Little Book.

Phonemic Awareness

Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Rhyming Words

Story Town -- Not a skill addressed in 3rd grade phonics.

Reading Horizons Discovery® -- Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Rhyming Words, Gr 1-3, Chpt 1, pp. 29-30.

Implementation -- Help students identify and develop an awareness of rhyme.

Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Syllable Identification

Story Town -- Not a skill addressed in 3rd grade phonics.

Reading Horizons Discovery® -- Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Syllables Identification, Gr 1-3, Ch 1, pp. 31-32.

Implementation -- Define syllables, and help students recognize how many syllables are in a word. Clapping syllables in names, blending and segmentation of syllables in words.

Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Phoneme Identification

Story Town -- Not a skill addressed in 3rd grade phonics.

Reading Horizons Discovery® -- Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Phoneme Isolation of Initial, Final, and Medial Sounds, Gr 1-3, Ch 1, pp. 33-34.

Implementation -- Phoneme Isolation of Initial, Final, and Medial Sounds – Identification of initial and final phonemes in CVC words.

Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Phoneme Placement and Manipulation

Story Town -- Not a skill addressed in 3rd grade phonics.

Reading Horizons Discovery® -- Phonemic/Phonological Awareness: Phoneme Blending and Segmentation, Gr 1-3, Ch 1, pp. 34-35. Manipulation of Sounds: pp. 36.

Implementation -- Phoneme Blending and Segmentation– Blending and segmenting of phonemes in single-syllable words.

Most Common Words

Most Common Words

In Story Town material, High frequency words are introduced with lessons for the purpose of reading decodable books. They are to be written and listed on a Word Wall. In the *Reading Horizons Discovery*® Grades 1-3 program, high-frequency words are called Most Common Words. These words have been divided into 22 lists, with 10 to 20 words in each list. The Most Common Words are taught a few at a time throughout the course. Following is a list of what words are taught after specific skills.

These Most Common Word lessons are included in the lesson flow:

List #1: a, and, in, is, it, of, that, the, to, you

List #2: are, as, for, he, his, I, on, they, was, with

List #3: at, be, by, from, had, have, one, or, this, word

List #4: all, but, can, not, said, we, were, what, when, your

List #5: an, do, each, how, if, she, their, there, use, which

List #6: about, many, other, out, so, them, then, these, up, will

List #7: has, her, him, into, like, look, make, some, time, would

List #8: could, go, more, no, number, people, see, two, way, write

List #9: been, call, find, first, my, now, oil, than, water, who

List #10: come, day, did, down, friend, get, long, made, over, part

List #11: know, little, live, new, only, place, sound, take, work, year

List #12: after, back, give, good, just, man, me, most, name, our, say, sentence, thing, think, very

List #13: any, before, boy, great, help, line, mean, much, old, right, same, tell, through, too, where

List #14: also, another, around, came, does, end, following, form, put, set, show, small, three, want, well

List #15: ask, because, big, even, here, land, large, men, must, need, read, such, turn, went, why

List #16: again, air, away, change, different, hand, home, kind, move, off, picture, play, spell, try

List #17: America, animal, answer, found, high, house, learn, letter, mother, page, point, should, still, study, world

List #18: add, below, between, city, country, earth, every, eye, father, food, keep, last, light, near, never, own, plant, school, start, tree

List #19: along, beginning, close, don't, example, few, hard, head, left, life, might, next, open, saw, seem, something, story, thought, under, while

List #20: always, both, car, children, feet, got, group, important, mile, night, often, paper, run, sea, side, those, together, until, walk, white

List #21: began, book, carry, eat, enough, face, four, grow, hear, idea, later, miss, once, river, second, state, stop, took, watch, without

List #22: above, afternoon, almost, begin, color, cut, family, far, girl, leave, let, list, mountain, music

Most Common Words

Following tells which *Reading Horizons Discovery*® lesson contain a short review of the Most Common Words lists:

- List #1: Ch 1, Lsn 2, pp. 59-66. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #2: Ch 1, Lsn 7, pp. 101-106. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #3: Ch 1, Lsn 9, pp. 123-129. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #4: Ch 1, Lsn 12, pp. 151-156. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #5: Ch 1, Lsn 15, pp. 179-185. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #6: Ch 2, Lsn 17, pp. 3-10. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #7: Ch 2, Lsn 24, pp. 59-65. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #8: Ch 2, Lsn 29, pp. 103-109. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #9: Ch 3, Lsn 36, pp. 49-56. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #10: Ch 3, Lsn 41, pp. 97-103. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #11: Ch 3, Lsn 46, pp. 131-137. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #12: Ch 3, Lsn 51, pp. 175-181. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #13: Ch 3, Lsn 56, pp. 217-223. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #14: Ch 3, Lsn 58, pp. 233-239. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #15: Ch 4, Lsn 60, pp. 17-23. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #16: Ch 4, Lsn 65, pp. 55-60. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #17: Ch 4, Lsn 70, pp. 95-100. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #18: Ch 4, Lsn 75, pp. 133-138. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #19: Ch 5, Lsn 81, pp. 53-59. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #20: Ch 5, Lsn 85, pp. 91-96. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #21: Ch 5, Lsn 92, pp. 163-168. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.
- List #22: Ch 6, Lsn 98, pp. 37-43. Use Whole Class and Student Transfer Cards and Most Common Word Flashcards.

Little Books

The *Reading Horizons Discovery*® program is augmented with 54 vocabulary-controlled *Little Books* reinforcing specific skills.

The following list of *Little Books* shows the order of their use with the *Reading Horizons Discovery*® program. They are listed in order of the skills being taught and *Reading Horizons Discovery*® lesson number.

Chapter 2

L-Blends: Lsn 18

R-Blends: Lsn 19

S-Blends: Lsn 20

Two Extra Blends: Lsn 22

Double *S*, *F*, and *Z* words: Lsn 23

Special Vowel Combinations: Lsn 25

Voiced and Voiceless and the *TH* Digraphs: Lsn 27

Digraphs *CH*, *SH*, *WH*, and *PH*: Lsn 28

Chapter 3

Phonetic Skill 1: Lsn 32

Phonetic Skill 2: Lsn 33

Spelling with *-CK*: Lsn 35

Adding Suffixes to Phonetic Skills 1 and 2: Lsn 37

Three Sounds of *-ED*: Lsn 38

Vowel Families *O* and *I*: Lsn 40

Phonetic Skill 3: Lsn 42

Phonetic Skill 4: Lsn 43

Spelling with *-KE*: Lsn 45

Another Sound for *C* and *G*: Lsn 47

Adding Suffixes to Phonetic Skills 3 and 4: Lsn 48

Phonetic Skill 5: Lsn 50

Spelling with *-K*: Lsn 52

Digraph Blends: Lsn 55

Sounds for *GH*, *IGH*, and *IGHT*: Lsn 57

Chapter 4

The Many Jobs of *Y*: Lsn 59

Decoding Skill 1: Lsn 61

The Schwa: Lsn 62

The Last Job of *Y*: Lsn 64

Decoding Skill 2: Lsn 66

Double Consonants: Lsn 68

-LE at the End of a Word: Lsn 69

Adding Suffixes to Words Ending in *Y*: Lsn 71

Double Two-Syllable Words: Lsn 73

Spelling with *-C*: Lsn 74

Correlation

Chapter 5

Murmur Diphthong *AR*: Lsn 76

Murmur Diphthong *OR*: Lsn 77

Murmur Diphthongs *ER*, *UR*, and *IR*: Lsn 78

Exceptions to Murmur Diphthongs: Lsn 80

Decoding Multi-Syllabic Words: Lsn 82

More Digraphs: Lsn 83

Digraph Words with Plural Endings and Multi-Syllabic Words with Digraphs: Lsn 84

Special Vowel Sound *AU/AW*: Lsn 86

Special Vowel Sound *OU/OW*: Lsn 87

Special Vowel Sound *OI/OY*: Lsn 88

Special Vowel Sound *OO* and *OO*: Lsn 89

Spelling with *-CK*, *-KE*, *-K*, and *-C*: Lsn 90

Decoding Exceptions: Lsn 91

Other Suffixes *-TION*, *-SION*, and *-OUS*: Lsn 93

Letter Combinations that Split: Lsn 94

Chapter 6

Other Sounds for *EA* and *IE/EI*: Lsn 95

Reversed Vowels: Lsn 96

Sounds of *EU* and *EW*: Lsn 97

Practicing Multi-Syllabic Words: Lsn 99

Spelling with *-SS*, *-CE*, or *-SE*: Lsn 100